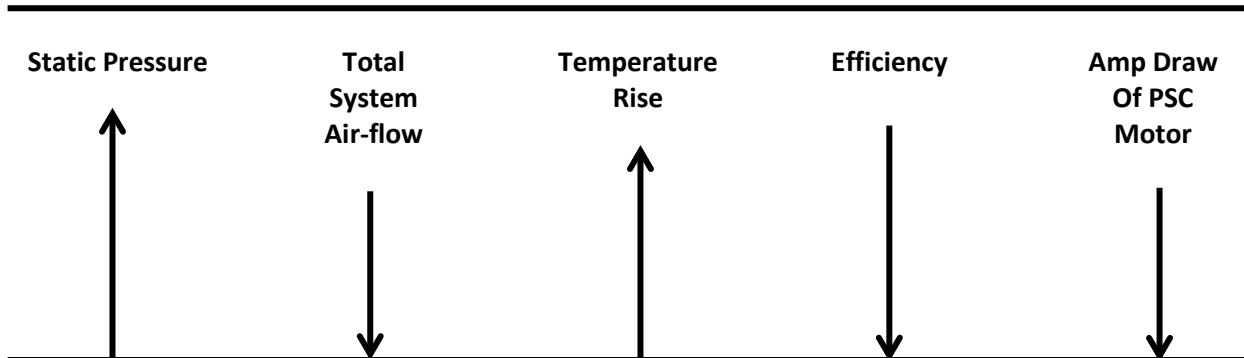




## Can Duct Sealing Have Negative Effects?



Who is checking to make sure the furnace is still operating properly after duct sealing has been done?  
**Temperature rise must be checked to make sure you still have proper air flow.**

Why is it important to make sure that the primary high-temperature limit control is fully operational?  
**If duct sealing causes the unit to cycle on the limit switch – it must be functional to avoid a potential hazard**

Describe “cycling on the limit switch.”

**The blower will operate continuously. If there is not enough air being moved, the unit will overheat and the burner will cycle on the high temperature limit control.**

### Adequacy of the Duct System – Visual Inspection (General guide)

- Draft hood
  - 2 square inches of duct for each 1000 Btu input
- Mid-efficiency – 80%
  - 2.5 square inches of duct for each 1000 Btu input
- Condensing – 90%
  - 3 square inches of duct for each 1000 Btu input
- Required for both sides of the system – supply and return
- The capacity of your duct system may be affected by its smallest component(s)

### Three “Areas” That Should Be Investigated if the Temperature Rise is Out of Range

<u>Air</u>	<u>Gas</u>	<u>Electric</u>
This includes anything having to do with air flow – dirty blower, filter, coils, duct size, restrictions, carpet, etc.	Firing rate – clock the meter and check the manifold pressure.	If all else is ok – adjust blower speed.

Why is it important to do these in this order? **To fix what must be fixed first. You don't want someone increasing blower speed to compensate for another problem – a dirty a/c coil, for example.**